L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
1	1126	sucralose	USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:41
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO;	
			DERWENT	0000 /05 /00 00 41
2	253	sucralose and purif\$	USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:41
1			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; DERWENT	
_	251	(averalose and puriff) and (aguagus or	USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:42
3	251	(sucralose and purif\$) and (aqueous or water or extract\$)	US-PGPUB;	2003/03/28 20.42
		water or extracts)	EPO;	
			DERWENT	
7	0	(((((sucralose and purif\$) and (aqueous or	USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:48
'		water or extract\$)) and (ethyl ADJ	US-PGPUB;	,,,,
		acetate)) and crystalliz\$) and (batch or	EPO;	
		continuous or countercurrent)) and	DERWENT	
		tertrachlorosucrose		
8	0		USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:51
		water or extract\$)) and (ethyl ADJ	US-PGPUB;	
		acetate)) and crystalliz\$) and (batch or	EPO;	
		continuous or countercurrent)) and	DERWENT	
		(tetrachlorogalactotagatose or		
	_	tetrachlorogalactosucrose)	USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:51
9	0	<pre>(((((sucralose and purif\$) and (aqueous or water or extract\$)) and (ethyl ADJ</pre>	US-PGPUB;	2003/05/28 20:51
	•	acetate)) and crystalliz\$) and (batch or	EPO;	
		continuous or countercurrent)) and	DERWENT	
]		(hildebrand ADJ parameter)		
6	18		USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:51
		water or extract\$)) and (ethyl ADJ	US-PGPUB;	
[		acetate)) and crystalliz\$) and (batch or	EPO;	
[		continuous or countercurrent)	DERWENT	
5	23		USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:54
[		water or extract\$)) and (ethyl ADJ	US-PGPUB;	
1		acetate)) and crystalliz\$	EPO;	
[		((, , , , , ) - , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DERWENT	2003/05/28 20:55
4	56		USPAT;	2003/05/28 20:55
		<pre>water or extract\$)) and (ethyl ADJ acetate)</pre>	US-PGPUB; EPO;	
		acecate;	DERWENT	
			DELMENT	

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=> d que
                   STR
L2
     10
12 Cl
                 19Cl
     23
     22
               18
                    1
11 0
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NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 15 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L2 L85019 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON SOLVENT EXTRACTION/CT 59260 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON EXTRACTION+NT/CT L16 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (SUCRALOSE OR L3) AND (L16 OR L23 L8 OR (LIQUID OR SOLVENT) (2A) EXTRACT?) 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON ETHYL ACETATE/CN 6 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (SUCRALOSE OR L3) AND (L24 OR L25 ETHYL ACETATE) L26 11 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 OR L25

# => d ibib abs hitind hitstr 1-11

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2002:964107 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:24019

Taste modifiers comprising a chlorogenic acid TITLE: Chien, Mingijen; Haeusler, Alex; Van Leersum, Hans INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Givaudan SA, Switz. SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APP	LICATION NO.	DATE
	A1 20021	 219 WO	2002-CH315	20020612
•				, BZ, CA, CH, CN, , GB, GD, GE, GH,

```
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
             TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            US 2001-880420 20010613
                       A1 20030102
     US 2003003212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 2001-880420
                                                          A 20010613
     To a consumable comprising an ingredient or ingredients that cause an
     off-taste in the consumable is added chlorogenic acid in a concn.
     sufficient to mask or modify the off-taste. The chlorogenic acid may be
     supplied as an ext. from a botanical source obtained by extn. at
     30-80.degree.C with water and/or a polar org. solvent. The method of
     making an off-taste by addn. of a chlorogenic acid to a consumable is also
     claimed.
     ICM A23L001-221
TC
     ICS A23L001-226; A61K035-78; A61K031-215
CC
     17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 11, 63
IT
     Alcoholic beverages
     Bakery products
     Beverages
     Cocoa products
     Coffee products
     Confectionery
     Dairy products
     Drugs
       Extraction
     Food additives
     Meat
     Meat substitutes
     Milk substitutes
      Solvent extraction
     Sweetening agents
     Tea products
     Tobacco products
        (taste modifiers comprising chlorogenic acid)
     57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol,
ΤТ
     biological studies
                           67-56-1, Methanol, biological studies
     2-Propanol, biological studies 67-64-1, Acetone, biological studies
     71-23-8, n-Propanol, biological studies 7732-18-5, Water, biological
     studies
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (extn. solvent; taste modifiers comprising
        chlorogenic acid)
     67-66-3, Chloroform, biological studies 71-36-3, Butanol, biological
TT
     studies 75-09-2, Dichloromethane, biological studies
     Toluene, biological studies
                                   110-54-3, Hexane, biological studies
     110-82-7, Cyclohexane, biological studies 141-78-6,
                                          142-82-5, Heptane,
     Ethyl acetate, biological studies
     biological studies 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (phase sepn. solvent; taste modifiers comprising chlorogenic acid)
     81-07-2, Saccharin 81-07-2D, Saccharin, salts 87-99-0, Xylitol
IT
     100-88-9, Cyclohexylsulfamic acid 100-88-9D, Cyclamate, derivs.
```

327-97-9D, 3-O-Caffeoylquinic acid, derivs. 905-99-7, 4-O-Caffeoylquinic acid 906-33-2, 5-O-Caffeoylquinic acid 1083-30-3D, Dihydrochalcone, derivs. 1899-29-2, 3-O-Feruloylquinic acid 1899-30-5, 3-p-Coumaroylquinic acid 2450-53-5, 3,5-Dicaffeoylquinic acid 2613-86-7, 4-O-Feruloylquinic acid 14534-61-3, 3,4-Dicaffeoylquinic acid 22839-47-0, Aspartame 22839-47-0D, Aspartame, salts 32451-86-8, 5-p-Coumaroylquinic acid 40242-06-6, 5-O-Feruloylquinic acid 53539-37-0, 4-p-Coumaroylquinic acid 55589-62-3, Acesulfame potassium 56038-13-2, Sucralose 57378-72-0, 4,5-Dicaffeoylquinic acid 57817-89-7D, Stevioside, derivs. 80863-62-3, Alitame 125132-81-2 165450-17-9, Neotame 478156-24-0 478156-25-1 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(taste modifiers comprising chlorogenic acid)

IT 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, biological studies

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (phase sepn. solvent; taste modifiers comprising chlorogenic acid)

RN 141-78-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethyl ester (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Et-O-Ac

IT 56038-13-2, Sucralose

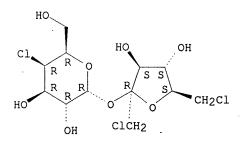
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(taste modifiers comprising chlorogenic acid)

RN · 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:951562 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:136749

TITLE: Parametrization Strategy for the MolFESD Concept:

Quantitative Surface Representation of Local

Hydrophobicity

AUTHOR(S): Jaeger, Robert; Kast, Stefan M.; Brickmann, Juergen

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Physikalische Chemie, Technische

Universitaet Darmstadt, Darmstadt, 64287, Germany SOURCE: Journal of Chemical Information and Computer Sciences

(2003), 43(1), 237-247

CODEN: JCISD8; ISSN: 0095-2338

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The authors derive a new model for the established concept of the mol. free energy surface d. (MolFESD) yielding a more rigorous representation of local surface contributions to the overall hydrophobicity of a mol. The model parametrization makes efficient use of both local and global information about solvation thermodn., as formulated earlier for the problem of predicting free energies of hydration. The free energy of transfer is sepd. into an interaction contribution and a term related to the cavity formation. Interaction and cavity components are obtained from the statistical three-dimensional (3D) free energy d. and a linear combination of surface and vol. terms, resp. An appropriate mol. interaction field generated by the program Grid is used as an approx. representation of the interaction part of the 3-dimensional free energy d. The authors further compress the 3-dimensional d. by a linear combination of localized surface functions allowing for the derivation of local hydrophobic contributions as a free energy surface d. For a set of 400 compds. model yields significant correlation (R2 = 0.95, .sigma. = 0.57) between exptl. and calcd. log P values. The final model is applied to establish a correlation between partial free energies of transfer for sucrose derivs. and their relative sweetness, as studied earlier in the group of the authors. The authors find considerable improvement regarding the root-mean-square error of the regression thus validating the presented approach.

CC 22-2 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 6, 33, 68, 69

IT Partition

(octanol/water; quant. surface representation of local hydrophobicity and parametrization strategy for MolFESD concept)

IT 57-50-1, Sucrose, properties 50270-99-0 55832-24-1 **56038-13-2** 56038-27-8 61854-83-9, 1',6'-Dichlorosucrose 64644-62-8, 1'-Chlorosucrose 64644-65-1 82950-43-4 86172-15-8 86172-21-6 86172-29-4 86172-31-8 86172-32-9 86172-45-4 86172-47-6 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

 (sweetness and transfer free energy vs. partition coeff.; quant. surface representation of local hydrophobicity and parametrization strategy for MolFESD concept)

IT 56038-13-2

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(sweetness and transfer free energy vs. partition coeff.; quant. surface representation of local hydrophobicity and parametrization strategy for MolFESD concept)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:888451 HCAPLUS

39

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:369113

TITLE:

Anticariogenic confectionery compositions providing

enhanced oral care benefits

INVENTOR(S):

Lawlor, Thomas Mark; Ji, Ning; Zhu, Long

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Procter & Gamble Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	A	PPLICATION NO.	DATE
		<b></b>			
				o 2002-US15267	
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	CN, CO,	CR, CU, CZ,	CZ, DE, DE,	DK, DK, DM, DZ,	EC, EE, EE, ES,
	FI, FI,	GB, GD, GE,	GH, GM, HR,	HU, ID, IL, IN,	IS, JP, KE, KG,
	KP, KR,	KZ, LC, LK,	LR, LS, LT,	LU, LV, MA, MD,	MG, MK, MN, MW,
	MX, MZ,	NO, NZ, OM,	PH, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SD, SE,	SG, SI, SK, SK,
	SL, TJ,	TM, TN, TR,	TT, TZ, UA,	UG, UZ, VN, YU,	ZA, ZM, ZW, AM,
	AZ, BY,	KG, KZ			•
	RW: GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW,	MZ, SD, SL,	SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,	ZW, AT, BE, CH,
	CY, DE,	DK, ES, FI,	FR, GB, GR,	IE, IT, LU, MC,	NL, PT, SE, TR,
	BF, BJ,	CF, CG, CI,	CM, GA, GN,	GQ, GW, ML, MR,	NE, SN, TD, TG
	US 2003049303	A1 20030	0313 U	S 2002-146247	20020515
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO	o.:	US 2	001-291177P P	20010515
AB	A confectionery	compn. comp	rises: (i) a	n effective amt.	of a natural plant
				neysuckle, magno	
	mixts. thereof;	(ii) an oral	l care activ	e selected from	the group
	consisting of a	anti-calculus	agents; ant	i-plaque agents;	fluoride ion
			-		nts; H2 antagonists;
		, ,		•	nd (iv) a suitable
					relates to stable
	<b>-</b>		•	. which provide	
				e or more furthe	
					.99, glucose 38.0,
		•	-	polyphosphate S	
	1.0%.		o.o, boaran	Pozitinobilace	210, 2112 224702
IC	ICM A23G003-00	)			
T 0	10.1 1.20000	•		•	

ICS A61K007-26

CC 17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)

IT Confectionery

Flavoring materials

### Solvent extraction

(anticariogenic confectionery compns. providing enhanced oral care benefits)

IT 56-81-5, Glycerol, uses 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, uses 60-29-7, Diethyl ether, uses 67-64-1, Acetone, uses **141-78-6**,

Ethyl acetate, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(anticariogenic confectionery compns. providing enhanced oral care benefits)

IT 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 69-65-8, Mannitol 585-88-6, Maltitol 22839-47-0, Aspartame **56038-13-2**, **Sucralose**RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (noncariogenic sweetener; anticariogenic confectionery compns.

(noncarlogenic sweetener; anticarlogenic confectioner providing enhanced oral care benefits)

IT 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(anticariogenic confectionery compns. providing enhanced oral care benefits)

RN 141-78-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethyl ester (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Et-O-Ac

IT 56038-13-2, Sucralose

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (noncariogenic sweetener; anticariogenic confectionery compns. providing enhanced oral care benefits)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:854830 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:38243

```
Determination of sucralose in foods by HPLC
TITLE:
                         using pre-column derivatization
                         Nojiri, Shuko; Nakazato, Mitsuo; Kasuya, Yoko; Takano,
AUTHOR(S):
                         Ichiro; Oishi, Mitsuo; Yasuda, Kazuo; Suzuki, Sukeji
                         Tama Branch Lab., Tokyo Metrop. Res. Lab. Public
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Health, Tachikawa, 190-0023, Japan
                         Shokuhin Eiseigaku Zasshi (2002), 43(5), 289-294
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: SKEZAP; ISSN: 0015-6426
                         Nippon Shokuhin Eisei Gakkai
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
     The development of a sensitive pre-column derivatization high-performance
     lig. chromatog. (HPLC) method for detn. of sucralose is
     reported. Sucralose is converted into a strongly UV
     (UV)-absorbing deriv., possessing strong absorption at 260 nm, by
     treatment with p-nitrobenzoyl chloride (PNBCl). Homogenized samples were
     dialyzed and washed with a Bond Elut ENV cartridge, then the eluate was
     evapd. to dryness and the residue was derivatized. Subsequently, the
     sucralose deriv. was purified with hexane-Et
     acetate (9:1) in a silica cartridge, and then the
     sucralose deriv. was eluted with acetone. HPLC was performed on a
     Ph column, using acetonitrile-water (73:27) as a mobile phase with UV
     detection (260 nm). The calibration curve was linear in the range of 1
     .mu.g/mL to 50 .mu.g/mL of sucralose. The recoveries of
     sucralose from eight kinds of foods spiked at the levels of 0.20
     and 0.05 g/kg of sucralose were more than 76.2% with SD values
     in the range from 0.90% to 4.31%. The quant. limit of the developed
     method was 0.005 g/kg for sucralose in samples.
    17-1 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
     sucralose detn nitrobenzoylation precolumn derivatization HPLC
     food; liq chromatog sucralose detn food nitrobenzoyl chloride
     derivatization
IT
     Beverages
        (carbonated; detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using
        pre-column derivatization)
     Beverages
     Food additives
   · Food analysis
     Sweetening agents
        (detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column
        derivatization)
IT
     Milk preparations
        (lactic acid drinks; detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC
        using pre-column derivatization)
IT
     Confectionery
        (ramune; detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column
        derivatization)
TT
    Milk preparations
        (yogurt; detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column
        derivatization)
IT
     478809-14-2
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column
        derivatization)
IT
     56038-13-2, Sucralose
     RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant);
```

ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column

derivatization)

122-04-3, p-Nitrobenzoyl chloride IT

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column derivatization)

IT 56038-13-2, Sucralose

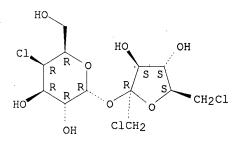
RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or

(detn. of sucralose in foods by HPLC using pre-column derivatization)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

.alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-CN fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry.



L26 ANSWER 5 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:542160 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:149760

TITLE: Food compositions and taste improvers containing

bagasse extracts, and taste improvement with them

INVENTOR(S): Kojima, Hirotoshi; Sugitani, Toshiaki

Mitsui Sugar Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------\_\_\_\_\_ ----A2 20000808 JP 2000217540 JP 1999-24458 19990201 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-24458 19990201

The food compns. and taste improvers contain exts. of sugarcane bagasse with H2O and/or hydrophilic solvents. The bagasse exts. mask the unpleasant taste of sweetening agents such as stevia, saccharin, aspartame, and sugar alcs.

IC ICM A23L001-221

ICS A23L001-236; A23B007-10; A23L002-00; A23L002-02; C12J001-00 17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 11

50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 69-65-8, Mannitol 81-07-2, Saccharin 87-99-0, Xylitol 128-44-9, Saccharin sodium 149-32-6 585-86-4, Lactitol 585-88-6, Maltitol 20702-77-6, Erythritol

Neohesperidin dihydrochalcone 22839-47-0, Palsweet Diet **56038-13-2**, **Sucralose** 64519-82-0, Palatinit

80863-62-3, Alitame 287487-21-2, Rebaudio A 9

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (bagasse exts. for masking of unpleasant taste)

64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 7732-18-5, Water, biological TΨ studies

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (extn. solvent; bagasse exts. for masking of unpleasant taste)

56038-13-2, Sucralose

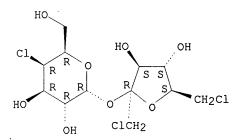
CC

RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (bagasse exts. for masking of unpleasant taste)

56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

.alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-CN fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# Absolute stereochemistry.



L26 ANSWER 6 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2000:161084 HCAPLUS ACCESSION. NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:193511

TITLE: Extraction, fractionation, and application of novel

inulin fractions for use in food

Silver, Barnard Stewart INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

> CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT · TYPE:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 1999-US19422 19990825 WO 2000011967 **A**1 20000309 W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,

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IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK,
             SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
             KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2341536
                       AA
                             20000309
                                            CA 1999-2341536 19990825
                             20000321
                                            AU 1999-55853
                                                              19990825
     AU 9955853
                       Α1
                                            BR 1999-13658
     BR 9913658
                       А
                             20010605
                                                              19990825
    EP 1107671
                                                              19990825
                             20010620
                                            EP 1999-942487
                       A1
     EP 1107671
                       В1
                            20030423
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                            JP 2000-567098
                                                              19990825
                             20020730
     JP 2002523564
                       T2
     NZ 510269
                             20030328
                                            NZ 1999-510269
                                                              19990825
                       Α
     ZA 2001001586
                       Α
                             20020527
                                            ZA 2001-1586
                                                              20010226
                                         US 1998-98195P
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                             19980827
                                                          Ρ
                                         US 1998-104091P P 19981013
                                         WO 1999-US19422 W 19990825
     Novel inulin fractions with reduced hygroscopicity and improved water
     soly. and(or) water miscibility at ambient temps. comprise at least two
     different polysaccharides each having different mol. wts. in the range
     from about 340 to about 2288. The inulin fraction contains less than
     about 0.75% by wt. of monosaccharides and less than about 25% by wt. of
     polysaccharides with mol. wts. above 2288. Thus, chicory root exts. after
     pasteurization may be fractionated by using centrifugal separators,
     decantation, and nanofiltration.
     ICM A23L001-236
     17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
CC
     Extraction
TΤ
     Fractionation
        (of novel inulin fractions for use in food)
     50-70-4, D-Glucitol, biological studies 69-65-8, Mannitol
IT
     Saccharin 87-99-0, Xylitol 585-88-6, Maltitol
                                                         22839-47-0, Aspartame
     56038-13-2, Sucralose
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (extn., fractionation, and application of novel inulin fractions for
        use in food)
ΙT
     56038-13-2, Sucralose
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (extn., fractionation, and application of novel inulin fractions for
        use in food)
RN
     56038-13-2 HCAPLUS
```

.alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-

fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

CN

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 4 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:597422 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:198845

TITLE:

Taste agent from Saccharum officinarum, process for

preparing it, products containing it

INVENTOR(S): Ramirez, Carlos; Javes, Michael F.; Kiwala, Jacob;

Grainger, Brian; Hawn, Regina D.; Kleinhenz, Robert; Rossy, Phillip A.; Davidson, Richard H.; Bolen, Paul L.; Warder, Ira T.; Pittet, Alan Owen; Miller, Kevin P.; Schulman, Marvin; Muralidhara, Ranya; Kinlin,

William J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

International Flavors + Fragrances Inc., USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 111 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			I	APPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE			
EP	9416	71		A.	2	1999	0915		I	EP 19	99-3	0186	/	19990	)311		
EP	9416	71		A.	3	2001	0801										
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO					•					
US	6245	376		В	1	2001	0612		Ţ	JS 19	99-4	4136	6	1999	1117		
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:				1	US :	1998-	3894	5	Α	19980	312		
								1	US :	1998-	2084	63 .	Α	1998	1210		
								1	US :	1999-	2310	20	Α	19990	0114		
								1	US :	1999-	3054	84	А3	19990	0506		

MARPAT 131:198845 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Described is a process for producing one or more flavorants including food, chewing gum, beverage (e.g., coffee, milk, cocoa and citrus/whey. protein), oral care compn. (e.g., toothpaste and mouthwash) and tobacco additives from Saccharum officinarum leaves (sugarcane leaves) by means of carrying out one or more phys. sepn. unit operations on such leaves, macerates thereof or mixts. of leaves and macerates thereof whereby one or more natural food, chewing gum, beverage, oral care compn. or tobacco additives is sepd. and isolated from the remainder of the leaves, macerates thereof or mixts. of leaves and macerates thereof. Such unit operations include pressurization using hydraulic press means, steam distn., fractional distn., supercrit. carbon dioxide extn.,

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volatile solvent extn. and/or charcoal column sepn.
means. Also described is app. for carrying out such processes as well as
the products produced using such processes and organoleptic uses of such
products. Also described are compns. comprising (a) such flavorants in
admixt. with (b) an eatable having a bitter and/or metallic taste. The
eatable is any ingested material taken by mammals, such as foodstuffs,
beverages, chewing gums, non-calorie food components or medicines
including bitter chocolate or a drug such as ibuprofen. Also described
are processes for augmenting, enhancing or imparting flavors in or to
foodstuffs, chewing gums and beverages by adding thereto the
aforementioned flavorant taken alone or combined with a solid water-sol.
carrier (as prepd. using spray drying or freeze drying process steps) and
other additives, including nutritional supplements such as calcium
glycerophosphate. Also described are smoking tobacco compns. and articles
comprising smoking tobacco and intimately admixed therewith an aroma or
taste augmenting, enhancing or imparting quantity and concn. of one or
more flavorants (tobacco additive or tobacco article adjunct) (produced
from S. officinarum leaves) by means of carrying out the above-mentioned
process.
ICM A23L001-221
ICS A23L002-56; A23G003-30; A23G001-00; A24B015-30; A61K007-16
17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 48, 62
Beverages
Chewing gum
Cosmetics
Dentifrices
Drugs
Essences
Extraction apparatus
Flavor
Flavoring materials
Food additives
Freeze drying
Grapefruit juice
Health products
Milk preparations
Mouthwashes
Orange juice
Pervaporation
Pressure
Puddinas
  Solvent extraction
Soups
Sweetening agents
Temperature effects, biological
Tobacco products
Tomato juice
   (flavoring agent from Saccharum officinarum, process for prepg. it and
   products contq. it)
Extraction
   (supercrit.; flavoring agent from Saccharum officinarum, process for
   prepg. it and products contg. it) -
81-07-2, Saccharin 811-97-2, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane 22839-47-0,
            22839-47-0D, Aspartame, alkyl esters 27214-00-2, Calcium
Aspartame
glycerophosphate 56038-13-2, Sucralose
```

CC

ΙT

IT

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(flavoring agent from Saccharum officinarum, process for prepg. it and products contg. it)

IT 56038-13-2, Sucralose

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(flavoring agent from Saccharum officinarum, process for prepg. it and products contg. it)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### Absolute stereochemistry.

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:229103 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:343978

TITLE: Production of sucralose without intermediate

isolation of crystalline sucralose-6-ester

INVENTOR(S): Navia, Juan L.; Walkup, Robert E.; Vernon, Nicholas

M.; Neiditch, David S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): McNeil-PPC, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 323,954,

abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT I	10.	KIND	DATE		API	PLICATI	ON NO	).	DATE				
US 5498	709	Α	19960312		US	1995-4	48710	)	19950	524			
AU 95342	201	A1	19960502		AU	1995-3	4201		19951	011			
AU 7075	57	B2	19990715										
IL 1155	62	A1	20001121		IL	1995-1	15562	2	19951	011			
CA 2160	641	AA	19960418		CA	1995-2	16064	11	19951	016			
FI 95049	908	Α	19960418		FI	1995-4	908		19951	016			
NO 95041	111	Α .	19960418		NO	1995-4	111		19951	016			
EP 7081	10	A2	19960424		EP	1995-3	07329	9	19951	016			
EP 7081	10	A3	19960807										
EP 7081	10	В1	20010314										
R:	AT, BE,	CH, DE,	DK, ES,	FR,	GB, G	GR, IE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE
JP 0820	8679	A2	19960813		JР	1995-2	91620	)	19951	016			

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19970416
                                            ZA 1995-8724
                                                              19951016
     ZA 9508724
                       Α
                                            BR -1995-4423
     BR 9504423
                       Α
                             19970527
                                                              19951016
     RU 2155769
                       C2
                             20000910
                                            RU 1995-118102
                                                              19951016
                             20010315
                                            AT 1995-307329
                                                              19951016
     AT 199723
                       F.
     ES 2157304
                       Т3
                             20010816
                                            ES 1995-307329
                                                              19951016
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 1994-323954
                                                          B2 19941017
                                         US 1995-448710
                                                           A 19950524
                          CASREACT 124:343978
OTHER SOURCE(S):
     A process is claimed for producing sucralose from a feed mixt.
     of (a) 6-0-acyl-4,1',6'-trichloro-4,1',6'-trideoxygalactosucrose, (b) salt
     including alkali metal or alk. earth metal chloride, (c) water, and (d)
     other chlorinated sucrose byproducts, in a reaction medium comprising a
     tertiary amide, wherein said process comprises: (i) deacylating the
     6-0-acyl-4,1',6'-trichloro-4,1',6'-trideoxygalactosucrose by raising the
     pH of the aq. soln. of (a), (b), (c) and (d) to about 11 (.+-.1) at a
     temp. and for a period of time sufficient to effect said deacylation, to
     produce an aq. soln. comprising sucralose, salt including alkali
     metal or alk. earth metal chloride, and other chlorinated sucrose
     byproducts, in a reaction medium comprising a tertiary amide; (ii)
     removing said tertiary amide; and (iii) recovering sucralose
     from the product of step (ii). A soln. of crude sucrose-6-acetate in DMF
     (1.447\ \mathrm{Kg})\ \mathrm{contg}.\ 416.94\ \mathrm{g}\ (1.084\ \mathrm{mol})\ \mathrm{sucrose-6-acetate}\ \mathrm{was}\ \mathrm{dild}.\ \mathrm{with}
     2.51 kg fresh DMF, cooled to -2.degree., and stirred vigorously while
     phosgene (1.125 Kg, 99%, 11.26 mol) was added at a rate of 5.4 to 6.7
     {\rm g/min.} The reaction mixt. was allowed to stir at ambient temp. for 30
     min, then heated to 115.degree. over a 2-3 h period, then held at
     115.degree. .+-. 1.degree. for 1.75 h, then cooled to 35.degree. over 30
     min; the final mass, 4.34 kg, was carried on to the dual stream caustic
     quench with NaOH/DMF/water, affording approx. 9 kg of quenched mixt.
     contg. 2 wt. % 4,1',6'-trichloro-4,1',6'-trideoxygalactosucrose-6-acetate
     (TGS-6-Ac). DMF and tarry, polymeric impurities were removed by steam
     stripping; for every 9 kg batch of feed, approx. 13 kg of steam-stripped
     bottoms were produced with a TGS-6-Ac concn. of about 1.5%-wt.; quenched
     feed contg. 1.8% TGS-6-Ac, 8.5% salts, 54.6% water, and 30.4% DMF, was
     stripped to produce bottoms contg. 1.6% TGS-6-Ac, 9.8% salts, 84.9% water,
     and 0.1% DMF residual (99.6% removal of DMF). The crude brine soln. of
     TGS-6-Ac (15.4 kg) was subjected to deacetylation by raising the pH of the
     soln. to 11.5 with 50% wt./wt. NaOH; after deacetylation, the soln. was
     neutralized with concd. HCl. Sucralose was isolated by
     counter-current extn. with Et acetate and crystn. from
     Et acetate (providing 33.5 g sucralose) or
     water (20.2 g sucralose).
IC
     ICM C07G017-00
     ICS C07H001-00; C07H003-00
NCL
     536124000
     33-2 (Carbohydrates)
     Section cross-reference(s): 45
ST
     sucralose prepn; sucrose acetate chlorination; deacetylation
     sucralose acetate
ΙT
     75-44-5, Phosgene
                          3724-43-4, Arnold's reagent
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (chlorination agent; prodn. of sucralose without intermediate
        isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)
ΙT
     68-12-2, DMF, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); REM (Removal or disposal); PROC
     (Process); USES (Uses)
        (chlorination solvent, removal by steam stripping; prodn. of
```

sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst.
sucralose-6-ester)

IT 56038-13-2P, Sucralose

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

IT 105066-21-5P, Sucralose 6-acetate 127924-17-8P,

Sucralose 6-benzoate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

IT 63648-81-7, Sucrose 6-acetate 127924-16-7, Sucrose 6-benzoate RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

IT 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, uses 7732-18-5,

Water, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (solvent; prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

IT 56038-13-2P, Sucralose

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (solvent; prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

RN 141-78-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethyl ester (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Et-O-Ac

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Krishnan 10/092,715
L26 ANSWER 9 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:583592 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       115:183592
                       Extraction of 1,3-diacyloxy-1,1,3,3-
TITLE:
                       tetrahydrocarbyldistannoxanes from mixtures with
                       sucrose 6-esters
                       Vernon, Nicholas M.; Walkup, Robert E.
INVENTOR(S):
                       Noramco, Inc., USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       U.S., 12 pp.
SOURCE:
                       CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
                       English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
                  KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                   ____
                                       _____
    _____
                   A 19910723 US 1990-512690
A1 19950731 IL 1991-97891
                                                       19900423
    US 5034551
                                                       19910417
    IL 97891
                   A1 19911024
                                       AU 1991-75377
                                                       19910419
    AU 9175377
                   B2 19921112
A2 19950411
B2 19990412
    AU 631062
    JP 07097387
                                       JP 1991-113708 19910419
    JP 2882548
                    AA 19911024
                                       CA 1991-2040933 19910422
    CA 2040933
    CA 2040933
                    С
                         20020129
                                                       19910422
    FI 9101941
                   A 19911024
                                       FI 1991-1941
                    в 19961129
    FI 97886
                    C 19970310
    FI 97886
                    Α
                         19911024
                                       NO 1991-1590
                                                       19910422
    NO 9101590
                        19961021
    NO 180009
                    В
    NO 180009
                    С
                         19970129
                    A2 19911106
                                       EP 1991-303565 19910422
    EP 455390
    EP 455390 A3 19920722
EP 455390 B1 19950920
        R: BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
    ZA 9102995 A 19921230 ZA 1991-2995
                                                       19910422
                                       RU 1991-4895127 19910422
    RU 2036197
                     C1
                          19950527
                     T3 19960216
                                     ES 1991-303565 19910422
    ES 2080895
                                    US 1990-512690 A 19900423
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
AB 1,3-Diacyloxy-1,1,3,3-tetra(hydrocarbyl)distannoxanes were sepd. from
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AB 1,3-Diacyloxy-1,1,3,3-tetra(hydrocarbyl) distannoxanes were sepd. from their mixts. with sucrose 6-esters and polar aprotic solvents by addn. of a small amt. of H2O and extn. using a H2O-immiscible org. solvent. Thus, 1,3-di(6-O-sucrose)-1,1,3,3-tetrabutyldistannoxane (prepn. given) in DMF was stirred overnight with (PhCO)2O; the mixt. was agitated with cyclohexane and H2O and the cyclohexane phase was concd. to give 1,1,3,3-tetrabutyl-1,3-dibenzoyloxydistannoxane while concn. of the DMF phase gave crude sucrose-6-benzoate contg. 0.9% wt./wt. Sn.

IC C07H007-22

NCL 556089000

CC 29-8 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
Section cross-reference(s): 17, 33

### IT Extraction

(of diacyloxytetrahydrocarbyldistannoxanes from mixts. with sucrose esters, nonpolar solvents for)

IT 105066-21-5P, Sucralose 6-acetate 127924-17-8P,

Sucralose-6-benzoate

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and conversion of, to sucralose)

IT 56038-13-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

11 98-82-8, Cumene 110-54-3, Hexane, uses and miscellaneous 110-82-7, Cyclohexane, uses and miscellaneous 142-82-5, Heptane, uses and miscellaneous 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(solvent, for extn. of

diacyloxytetrahydrocarbyldistannoxanes from mixts. with sucrose esters)

IT 56038-13-2P

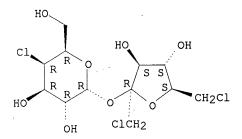
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-Dfructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L26 ANSWER 10 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:22692 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

114:22692

TITLE:

Heat-stabilization of sucralose as a complex

with cyclodextrins

INVENTOR(S):

Cherukuri, Subraman Rao; Wong, Lucy Lee

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Warner-Lambert Co., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

r: 1

PAT	TENT NO.	. K	IND	DATE		API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
ΕP	375122		<b>A</b> 2	19900627		EP	1989-310553	19891013
ΕP	375122		<b>A</b> 3	19901219				
ΕP	375122		В1	19940727				
	R: BE,	CH, DE	, ES	, FR, GB,	GR,	IT, I	LI, NL, SE	
US	4971797		Ą	19901120		US	1988-288512	19881222
NO	8905083		Ą	19900625		NO	1989-5083	19891218
ΑU	8947002		A1.	19900628		AU	1989-47002	19891219
ΑU	617269		B2	19911121				
CA	2006304		AΑ	19900622		CA	1989-2006304	19891221

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19900623
                                            DK 1989-6561
                                                              19891221
     DK 8906561
                       Α
                                            JP 1989-329813
                                                              19891221
     JP 02258714
                       A2
                             19901019
                       B2
                             19991115
     JP 2977216
                                            ZA 1989-9859
                             19901031
                                                              19891221
     ZA 8909859
                       Α
                                         US 1988-288512
                                                              19881222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     Sucralose is stabilized against browning for times used in food
     prepn. by complexing it with cyclodextrins. Complexes of sucralose and 5-20% cyclodextrin were prepd. by mixing them in
     MeOH and drying under vacuum. Dried samples were then heated at
     95.degree. and the time taken to turn light brown detd. Sucralose
     alone colored after 60 min. A complex contg. 5% cyclodextrin colored
     after 80 min. and one contg. 20% cyclodextrin was stable for 180 min.
     Chewing gums prepd. with a 5% cyclodextrin-sucralose complex
     showed a stronger initial sweetness than those contg. free
     sucralose or a niacin-stabilized sucralose.
IC
     ICM A23L001-236
     17-6 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
CC
     sucralose complex cyclodextrin heat stable
ST
ΙT
     Sweetening agents
        (heat-stable, sucralose complexes with cyclodextrins as)
     Heat, chemical and physical effects
IT
        (sucralose degrdn. by, stabilization against, complexes with
        cyclodextrins for)
ΙT
     Beverages
     Chewing gum
     Chocolate
     Confectionery
     Food
     Mouthwashes
        (sweetener for, heat-stable sucralose complex with
        cyclodextrins as)
IT
     Bakery products
        (biscuits, sweetener for, heat-stable sucralose complex with
        cyclodextrins as)
IT
     Dentifrices
        (breath-freshening, sugar substitute for, heat-stable sucralose
        complex with cyclodextrins as)
ΙT
     Confectionery
        (candy, hard, sweetener for, heat-stable sucralose complex
        with cyclodextrins as)
IT
     Confectionery
        (candy, soft, sweetener for, heat-stable sucralose complex
        with cyclodextrins as)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
TT
        (lozenges, sweetener for, heat-stable sucralose complex with
        cyclodextrins as)
     Pharmaceutical dosage forms
ΙT
        (oral, sugar substitute for, heat-stable sucralose complex
        with cyclodextrins as)
     12619-70-4D, Cyclodextrin, complexes with sucralose
     56038-13-2D, Sucralose, complexes with cyclodextrins
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (heat-stable, for use as sugar substitute in food prepn.)
     67-56-1, Methanol, biological studies 141-78-6, Ethyl
     acetate, biological studies . 63983-35-7
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (solvent in prepn. heat-stable sucralose complexes with
```

cyclodextrins)

56038-13-2D, Sucralose, complexes with cyclodextrins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(heat-stable, for use as sugar substitute in food prepn.)

RN56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

ΙT

.alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-CN fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, biological studies ΙT

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(solvent in prepn. heat-stable sucralose complexes with

cyclodextrins)

RN 141-78-6 HCAPLUS

Acetic acid ethyl ester (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Et-O-Ac

L26 ANSWER 11 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:508922 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

109:108922

TITLE:

A tetrachlororaffinose and its enzymic hydrolysis in

manufacture of sucralose

INVENTOR(S):

Rathbone, Elner Brean; Mufti, Khizar Sultan; Khan, Riaz Ahmed; Cheetham, Peter Samuel James; Hacking,

Andrew John; Dordick, Jonathan Seth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tate and Lyle PLC, UK

SOURCE:

Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 8 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 2181734	A1	19870429	GB 1986-25056	19861020
GB 2181734	B2	19890920		
FI 8604244	Α	19870422	FI 1986-4244	19861020
FI 82836	В	19910115		
FI 82836	С	19910425		

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DK 1986-5029
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                           19870422
    DK 8605029
                      Α
    DK 164869
                           19920831
                      В
                           19930111
    DK 164869
                      С
                                                          19861020
                                          NO 1986-4171
                           19870422
    NO 8604171
                      Α
    NO 168373
                      В
                           19911104
                      C
                           19920212
    NO 168373
                                          AU 1986-64211
                                                          19861020
                      A1
                           19870430
    AU 8664211
    AU 589224
                      В2
                           19891005
                                          EP 1986-308128
                                                          19861020
                      A2
                           19870513
    EP 221717
    EP 221717
                      Α3
                           19881130
                     В1
                           19920212
    EP 221717
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                                          ZA 1986-7918
                                                           19861020
                           19870624
     ZA 8607918
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                                          JP 1986-249397
                                                          19861020
                     A2
                           19870808
     JP 62181288
     JP 06044874
                           19940615
                      B4
                                                           19861020
                                          US 1986-921370
    US 4826962
                      Α
                           19890502
                                                           19861020
                                          IL 1986-80365
                    A1
                           19900917
     IL 80365
                   . A3
                           19910315
                                          SU 1986-4028456 19861020
    SU 1635905
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                                          CA 1986-520919
    CA 1282728
                      A1
                           19910409
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                                          AT 1986-308128
    AT 72566
                      Ε
                           19920215
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                                                           19861020
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                                                           19931201
                      A2
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     JP 06293787
                           19950419
     JP 07035391
                      В4
                                                           19851021
                                       GB 1985-25871
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                          19861020
                                       EP 1986-308128
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- O-.alpha.-D-6-Chloro-6-deoxygalactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.6)-.alpha.-D-4-chloro-4-deoxygalactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.2)-.beta.-D-1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxyfructofuranoside (TCR) is used to prep. sucralose by incubation with an enzyme from Mortierella vinacea, Circinella muscae, or Aspergillus niger to remove the 6-chloro-6-deoxygalactosylmoiety from the 6-position. TCR was prepd. by treating raffinose with thionyl chloride in the presence of triphenylphosphine oxide and triphenylphosphine.

  Sucralose was obtained by incubating TCR with melibiase in the form of pelletized cells of M. vinacea raffinoseutilizer at 55.degree. for .ltoreq.100 h. The degree of hydrolysis was followed by TLC anal. About 70% of the TCR had been hydrolyzed after 90 h. The product was sepd. by chromatog.
- IC ICM C07D407-14
  - ICS C07D407-12; C07D307-20; C07D309-10
- CC 16-9 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)
  Section cross-reference(s): 33
- tetrachlorogalactoraffinose enzymic hydrolysis sucralose manuf; raffinose tetrachlorogalacto sucralose enzymic manuf; Aspergillus sucralose manuf tetrachlorogalactoraffinose; Mortierella sucralose manuf tetrachlorogalactoraffinose; Circinella sucralose manuf tetrachlorogalactoraffinose
- IT Solvents
  - (org. water-miscible, in  ${\bf sucralose}$  manuf. with microorganism enzyme)
- IT Aspergillus niger
  - Circinella muscae
  - Mortierella vinacea
  - Mortierella vinacea raffinoseutilizer
    - (sucralose manuf. from tetrachlorogalactoraffinose by enzymic hydrolysis with)
- TT 71-36-3, n-Butanol, biological studies 108-10-1, Methyl isobutyl ketone 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, biological studies

May 28, 2003

RL: BIOL (Biological study) (in sucralose manuf. with enzyme-contg. microorganism) 56038-13-2P, Sucralose RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of, from tetrachlorogalactoraffinose, by enzymic hydrolysis with Mortrierella or other microorganism) 9025-35-8P, Melibiase ΙT RL: PREP (Preparation) (of Mortierella vinacea raffinoseutilizer, sucralose manuf. from tetrachlorogalactoraffinose with) IT116173-32-1P RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, for manuf. of sucralose by enzymic hydrolysis with Mortierella or other microorganism) ΙT 141-78-6, Ethyl acetate, biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study) (in sucralose manuf. with enzyme-contg. microorganism) 141-78-6 HCAPLUS Acetic acid ethyl ester (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Et-O-Ac

Absolute stereochemistry.

=> d que L2 STR 10 21 12 Cl 23 22 11 0 15 17 08 0.7 4 O

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE'

15 SEA FILE=REGISTRY FAM FUL L2 L3

3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ·L3(L)PUR/RL L27

=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-3

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:391728 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:369947

TITLE: Improved sucralose composition and process for its

preparation

El Kabbani, Fiesal; Catani, Steven J.; Heiss, INVENTOR(S):

Christian; Navia, Juan; Brohmi, Amal

McNeil-PPC, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE:

English . LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND DAT	re Ai	PPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002040495	A2 200	)20523 WC	2001-US43491	20011116
WO 2002040495	A3 200	30501		
W: AE, AG,	AL, AM, AT	r, AU, AZ, BA,	BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE	E, DK, DM, DZ,	EC, EE, ES, FI,	GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR,	HU, ID, IL	L, IN, IS, JP,	KE, KG, KP, KR,	KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT,	LU, LV, MA	A, MD, MG, MK,	MN, MW, MX, MZ,	NO, NZ, PH, PL,
PT, RO,	RU, SD, SE	E, SG, SI, SK,	SL, TJ, TM, TR,	TT, TZ, UA, UG,
117. VN	YII ZA ZW	J AM AZ RY	KG. KZ. MD. RU.	. т.т. тм

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2002026918 A5 20020527 AU 2002-26918 20011116 US 2002120134 A1 20020829 US 2001-991123 20011116

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-249782P P 20001117 WO 2001-US43491 W 20011116

AB A process for the crystn. of sucralose from an aq. soln. comprising controlling the pH of said aq. soln. so as to maintain the pH in the range of from about 5.5 to about 8.5 during the formation of sucralose crystals.

IT **56038-13-2P**, Sucralose

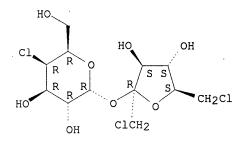
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)

(improved sucralose compn. and crystn. process for its prepn.)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.



L27 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:229103 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:343978

TITLE: Production of sucralose without intermediate isolation

of crystalline sucralose-6-ester

INVENTOR(S): Navia, Juan L.; Walkup, Robert E.; Vernon, Nicholas

M.; Neiditch, David S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): McNeil-PPC, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 323,954,

abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5498709	Α	19960312	US 1995-448710	19950524
AU 9534201	A1	19960502	AU 1995-34201	19951011
AU 707557	В2	19990715		
IL 115562	A1	20001121	IL 1995-115562	19951011
CA 2160641	AA	19960418	CA 1995-2160641	19951016
FI 9504908	Α	19960418	FI 1995-4908	19951016

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19951016
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                                          NO 1995-4111
    NO 9504111
                                          EP 1995-307329 19951016
    EP 708110
                      A2
                           19960424
    EP 708110
                      A3
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                           20010314
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                                          BR 1995-4423
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                                          RU 1995-118102
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                                          AT 1995-307329
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                      Т3
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                                                           19951016
                                       US 1994-323954
                                                       B2 19941017
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       US 1995-448710
                                                      A 19950524
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OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 124:343978 A process is claimed for producing sucralose from a feed mixt. of (a) 6-O-acyl-4,1',6'-trichloro-4,1',6'-trideoxygalactosucrose, (b) salt including alkali metal or alk. earth metal chloride, (c) water, and (d) other chlorinated sucrose byproducts, in a reaction medium comprising  ${\tt a}$ tertiary amide, wherein said process comprises: (i) deacylating the 6-O-acyl-4,1',6'-trichloro-4,1',6'-trideoxygalactosucrose by raising the pH of the aq. soln. of (a), (b), (c) and (d) to about 11 (.+-.1) at a temp. and for a period of time sufficient to effect said deacylation, to produce an aq. soln. comprising sucralose, salt including alkali metal or alk. earth metal chloride, and other chlorinated sucrose byproducts, in a reaction medium comprising a tertiary amide; (ii) removing said tertiary amide; and (iii) recovering sucralose from the product of step (ii). A soln. of crude sucrose-6-acetate in DMF (1.447 Kg) contg. 416.94 g (1.084 mol) sucrose-6-acetate was dild. with 2.51 kg fresh DMF, cooled to -2.degree., and stirred vigorously while phosgene (1.125 Kg, 99%, 11.26 mol) was added at a rate of 5.4 to 6.7 g/min. The reaction mixt. was allowed to stir at ambient temp. for 30 min, then heated to 115.degree. over a 2-3 h period, then held at 115.degree. .+-. 1.degree. for 1.75 h, then cooled to 35.degree. over 30 min; the final mass, 4.34 kg, was carried on to the dual stream caustic quench with NaOH/DMF/water, affording approx. 9 kg of quenched mixt. contg. 2 wt. % 4,1',6'-trichloro-4,1',6'-trideoxygalactosucrose-6-acetate (TGS-6-Ac). DMF and tarry, polymeric impurities were removed by steam stripping; for every 9 kg batch of feed, approx. 13 kg of steam-stripped bottoms were produced with a TGS-6-Ac concn. of about 1.5%-wt.; quenched feed contg. 1.8% TGS-6-Ac, 8.5% salts, 54.6% water, and 30.4% DMF, was stripped to produce bottoms contg. 1.6% TGS-6-Ac, 9.8% salts, 84.9% water, and 0.1%  $\,$ DMF residual (99.6% removal of DMF). The crude brine soln. of TGS-6-Ac (15.4 kg) was subjected to deacetylation by raising the pH of the soln. to 11.5 with 50% wt./wt. NaOH; after deacetylation, the soln. was neutralized with concd. HCl. Sucralose was isolated by counter-current extn. with Et acetate and crystn. from Et acetate (providing 33.5 g sucralose) or water (20.2 g sucralose).

56038-13-2P, Sucralose

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery) ; SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prodn. of sucralose without intermediate isolation of cryst. sucralose-6-ester)

56038-13-2 HCAPLUS RN

.alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-CN fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L27 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:104227 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:104227

TITLE: Semipreparative high-pressure liquid chromatography of

synthetic carbohydrates

AUTHOR(S): Wingard, Robert E., Jr.; Ng, Steve; Dale, James A.;

Wang, Patricia C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Synth. Lab., Dynapol, Palo Alto, CA, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Liquid Chromatography (1978), 1(6), 775-82

CODEN: JLCHD8; ISSN: 0148-3919

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB A rapid and effective method utilizing a 30 cm .times. 7.8 mm i.d. column packed with Waters Assocs. carbohydrate anal. packing in conjunction with isocratic water-acetonitrile elution and refractive index detection was developed for the purifn. of hundred-mg quantities of water-sol. synthetic carbohydrates. The generality of this method is illustrated by its application to 13 sucrose derivs. and 1 deriv. each of D-fructose and .alpha., alpha.-trehalose.

IT 56038-13-2P 69414-04-6P

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation) (purifn. of, by semipreparative high-pressure liq. chromatog.)

RN 56038-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Galactopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 69414-04-6 HCAPLUS

CN .alpha.-D-Glucopyranoside, 1,6-dichloro-1,6-dideoxy-.beta.-D-fructofuranosyl 4-chloro-4-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).